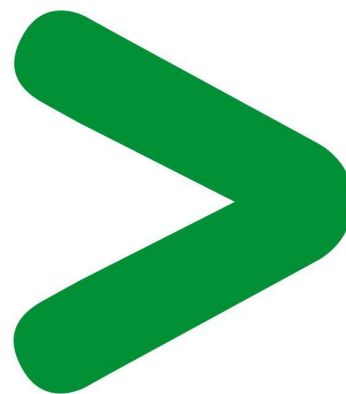


Product Environmental Profile

Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C



Product Environmental Profile – PEP

Product overview

The main purpose of the Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C is to use for lighting, ventilation, cleaning etc. applications. The time switches control opening and closing of one or more separate circuits according to a programming pre-set by the user by memorization of On and Off switching operations for the IHP and ITA digital time switches and by positioning of jumpers or captive segments on a programming dial for the IH mechanical time switches. A memory key and a programming kit can be used to duplicate on another IHP+ or to save the program created by the contractor. Digital time switch with weekly program and 1 channel. To enable radio-controlled time synchronization via DCF, the time switch needs to be fitted with the relevant antenna. Saved switching times and device settings can be saved to and read from the enclosed memory card.

Only use in enclosed dry spaces (equipment); antenna is installed in the open-air. Do not use on safety devices, e.g. Escape route doors, fire safety equipment etc. Automatically switch On and Off loads according to the program entered by the user with keys and a display, they operate on a weekly cycle; the same program is repeated week after week. The functional unit for ten years ensure the programming of an electrical circuit.

This range consists of Acti 9.

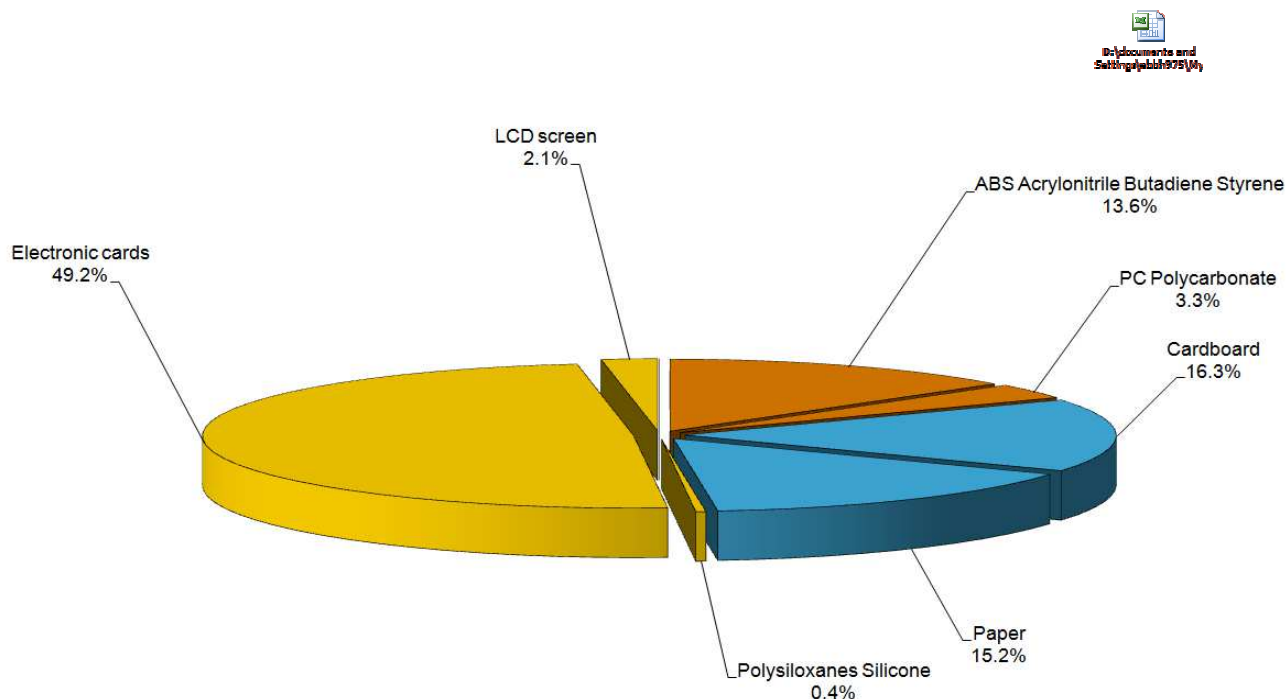
The representative product used for the analysis is **Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C, com. ref.: CCT15857**.

The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with a similar technology.

The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

Constituent materials

The mass of the product range is from 184 g and 268 g including packaging. It is 268 g for the Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C, com. ref.: CCT15857. The constituent materials are distributed as follows:



Substance assessment

Products of this range are designed in conformity with the requirements of the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and do not contain, or only contain in the authorised proportions, lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or flame retardants (polybrominated biphenyls - PBB, polybrominated diphenyl ethers - PBDE) as mentioned in the Directive.

Details of ROHS and REACH substances information are available on the Schneider-Electric Green Premium website (<http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page>).

Product Environmental Profile – PEP

Manufacturing

The Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C, com. ref.: CCT15857 product range is manufactured at a production site which complies with the regulations governing industrial sites.

Distribution

The weight and volume of the packaging have been optimized, based on the European Union's packaging directive. The Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C packaging weight is 84 g. It consists of Cardboard (44 g) and Paper (40 g). The weight of recycled materials used is 86% of total packaging mass. The product distribution flows have been optimised by setting up local distribution centres close to the market areas.

Use

The products of the Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C range do not generate environmental pollution (noise, emissions) requiring special precautionary measures in standard use.

The electrical power consumption depends on the conditions under which the product is implemented and used. The electrical power consumed by the Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C range is between 1.4 W and 1.8 W. It is 1.8 W in active mode (50% of the time) and 1.4W in standby mode (50% of the time) for the referenced Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C, com. ref.: CCT15857. The product range does not require special maintenance operations.

End of life

At end of life, the products in the Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C have been optimized to decrease the amount of waste and allow recovery of the product components and materials.

This product range doesn't need any special end-of-life treatment. According to countries' practices this product can enter the usual end-of-life treatment process.

This product range contains PCBA that should be separated from the stream of waste so as to optimize end-of-life treatment by special treatments. The location of these components and other recommendations are given in the End of Life Instruction document which is available for this product range on the Schneider-Electric Green Premium website Green Premium website (<http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page>).

The recyclability potential of the products has been evaluated using the "ECO DEEE recyclability and recoverability calculation method" (version V1, 20 Sep. 2008 presented to the French Agency for Environment and Energy Management: ADEME).

According to this method, the potential recyclability ratio without packaging is: 26%.

As described in the recyclability calculation method this ratio includes only metals and plastics which have proven industrial recycling processes.

Environmental impacts

Life cycle assessment has been performed on the following life cycle phases: Materials and Manufacturing (M), Distribution (D), Installation (I) Use (U), and End of life (E).

Modeling hypothesis and method:

- The calculation was performed on Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C, com. ref.: CCT15857.
- Product packaging is included.
- Installation components: no special components included.
- Scenario for the Use phase: this product range is included in the category "Energy consuming product". Assumed service lifetime is 10 years and use scenario is 1.8 W with the 50% time in active mode and 1.4W with 50% time in standby mode.
- The geographical representative area for the assessment is European and the electrical power model used for calculation is European model.
- End of life impacts are based on a worst case transport distance to the recycling plant (1000km).

Product Environmental Profile – PEP

Presentation of the product environmental impacts

Environmental indicators	Unit	For Programmable time switch IHP+DCF 1C, com. ref.: CCT15857					
		S = M + D + I + U + E	M	D	I	U	E
Air Acidification (AA for PEP)	kg H+ eq	1.9092E-02	1.1699E-03	4.8026E-06	0.0000E+00	1.7879E-02	3.8149E-05
Air Toxicity (AT for PEP)	m ³	2.2311E+07	1.5097E+06	7.1389E+03	0.0000E+00	2.0738E+07	5.6814E+04
Energy Depletion (ED for PEP)	MJ	1.7708E+03	9.1233E+01	3.5997E-01	0.0000E+00	1.6765E+03	2.7388E+00
Global Warming Potential (GWP for PEP)	kg CO ₂ eq.	8.8633E+01	5.6007E+00	2.5594E-02	0.0000E+00	8.2812E+01	1.9442E-01
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP for PEP)	kg	1.5711E-01	1.4290E-01	3.1618E-08	0.0000E+00	1.4207E-02	2.4056E-07
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP for PEP)	kg CFC-11 eq.	1.9451E-05	5.8414E-07	4.8402E-11	0.0000E+00	1.8867E-05	3.6826E-10
Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP for PEP)	kg C ₂ H ₄ eq.	7.0299E-03	1.8578E-03	6.5963E-06	0.0000E+00	5.1170E-03	4.8390E-05
Raw Material Depletion (RMD for PEP)	Y-1	1.4474E-14	1.3353E-14	5.2203E-19	0.0000E+00	1.1170E-15	3.9719E-18
Water Depletion (WD for PEP)	dm ³	2.7749E+02	6.1599E+01	2.6523E-03	0.0000E+00	2.1587E+02	2.0180E-02
Water Eutrophication (WE for PEP)	kg PO ₄ ³⁻ eq.	1.9664E-03	1.1788E-03	4.7463E-08	0.0000E+00	7.8722E-04	3.6112E-07
Water Toxicity (WT for PEP)	m ³	4.0474E+01	3.5105E+00	1.0919E-02	0.0000E+00	3.6869E+01	8.3077E-02

Life cycle assessment has been performed with the EIME software (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer), version 5 and with its database version 2013-02

The Use phase is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators (except the GWP and WE). The manufacturing phase has the greatest impacts on the AA and WE.

Depending on the impact analysis, the environmental indicators in this family may be proportional extrapolated by the power consumption of the product (except for the RMD and HWP). For the RMD and HWP, the impacts can be extrapolated according to the weight of the product.

System approach

As the products of the range are designed in accordance with the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU, they can be incorporated without any restriction in an assembly or an installation subject to this Directive.

Please note that the values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be used directly to draw up the environmental assessment of an installation.

Glossary

Air Acidification (AA)	The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain. A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests. The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of H ⁺ .
Air Toxicity (AT)	This indicator represents the air toxicity in a human environment. It takes into account the usually accepted concentrations for several gases in the air and the quantity of gas released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the air volume needed to dilute these gases down to acceptable concentrations.
Energy Depletion (ED)	This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it is from fossil, hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources. It takes into account the energy from the material produced during combustion. It is expressed in MJ.
Global Warming (GW)	The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is quantified in gram equivalent of CO ₂ .
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)	This indicator quantifies the quantity of specially treated waste created during all the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the production of electrical power, etc. It is expressed in kg.
Ozone Depletion (OD)	This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent of CFC-11.
Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)	This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon (the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene (C ₂ H ₄).
Raw Material Depletion (RMD)	This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.
Water Depletion (WD)	This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in dm ³ .
Water Eutrophication (WE)	Eutrophication is a natural process defined as the enrichment in mineral salts of marine or lake waters or a process accelerated by human intervention, defined as the enrichment in nutritive elements (phosphorous compounds, nitrogen compounds and organic matter). This indicator represents the water eutrophication of lakes and marine waters by the release of specific substances in the effluents. It is expressed in grams equivalency of PO ₄ ³⁻ (phosphate).
Water Toxicity (WT)	This indicator represents the water toxicity. It takes into account the usually accepted concentrations for several substances in water and the quantity of substances released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the water volume needed to dilute these substances down to acceptable concentrations.

PEP achieved with Schneider-Electric TT01 V10.3 and TT02 V19 procedures in compliance with ISO14040 series standards

Registration N° : SCHN-2015-067	Applicable PCR : PEP-PCR-ed 2.1-EN-2012 12 11 completed by PSR-0005-ed1-EN-2012 12 11
Verifier accreditation N° : VH08	Program information: www.pep-ecopassport.org
Date of issue: 04-2015	Period of validity: 4 years
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006	
Internal	External
	X
In compliance with ISO 14025:2006 type III environmental declarations	
PCR review was conducted by an expert panel chaired by J. Chevalier (CSTB).	
The elements of the actual PEP cannot be compared with elements from another program.	

